

COLOMBIA: MIDDLE MAGDALENA VALLEY -SIERRA NEVADA DE SANTA MARTA

A Very successful Tour for Specialties

8/10 – 23rd May 2010

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TOUR REPORT

By: Luis Eduardo Urueña

39 Endémics, 13, Near-Endemics, 54 Families, 411 Species

When my wife Andrea and I met Joe Thompson and Eduardo Carriazo personally in Bogota, we thought immediately that this tour would be very successful. These clients, with whom I would share 15 days guiding, which I really enjoy, were obviously aficionados of birds, nature, and the natural beauty of Colombia.

Day 1- May 8.

Very early in the morning we began our journey towards our first bird watching location, called **Monterredondo**. We encountered one of our main targets of the tour quickly, with views of two individuals of **Cundinamarca Antpitta (E)** at a distance of only 3 meters! This strange Torotoi (as it is called in Spanish) can be very hard to find and has a very restricted distributional range. Other birds that we registered at this site were: Sickie-winged Guan, Bronzy Inca, Spot-breasted Woodpecker, Pearl Treerunner, Streaked Tuftedcheeck, Chestnut-crowned Antpitta, Rufous Antpitta, Slate-crowned Antpitta, White-crowned Tapaculo, Matorral Tapaculo, Green and Black Fruiteater, Rufous-headed Pygmy-Tyrant, Black-capped Tyrannulet, Black-collared Jay, Andean Siskin, **Golden-fronted Whitestart (E)**, Russet-crowned Warbler, Blue-backed Conebill, Gray-hooded Bush-Tanager, Oleaginous Hemispingus, Buff breasted Mountain-Tanager, Pale-naped Brush-Finch, and Mountain Cacique.

After a delicious field lunch, we decided to return to Bogota with Apolinar's Marsh Wren (E) as our target in **La Florida Park** (Joe and had seen the other La Florida specialties on previous trips to Bogota). Really, we spent more time crossing the Bogota than we spent looking for the specialties of La Florida, and immediately upon reaching the birding areas, we had flight views of the very threatened **Bogota Rail (E)**. The lake featured a Spot-flanked Gallinule, and we had excellent views of actively singing **Apolinar's Marsh Wren (E)**. Other species of note there were: Pied-billed Grebe, Common Moorhen, American Coot, Band-tailed Seed eater y Yellow-hooded Blackbird. It was interesting to hear Joe and Eduardo talking about the terrible transformation that the Florida Park has undergone during the past 15 years, something that is very worrisome because the welfare of the species here are at risk.

Day 2- May 10.

Our second day began early in the morning, when we started our journey towards **The Ecological Park Laguna El Tabacal** is an interesting birding site with a number of interesting species. During our short visit, we registered: Black Hawk Eagle, White-throated Crake, Spectacled Parrolet (NE), Red-rumped Woodpecker, Spot-breasted Woodpecker, Stripe-breasted Spinetail, Ash-browed Spinetail, Straight-billed Woodcreeper, Streak-headed Woodcreeper, **Bar-crested Antshrike (E)**, Plain Antwreio, White-bellied Antbird, Rusty-breasted Antpitta, White-bearded Manakin, Buff-breasted Wren, Pale-breasted Thrush, Scrub Greenlet, Rufous-browed Peppershrike, Gray-throated Warbler (NE), Rufous-capped Warbler, Rosy Thrush-Tanager, Bay-headed Tanager, Scrub Tanager, and Blue-necked Tanager.

After Tabacal, we headed to the town of San Francisco to visit the **Jardín Encantado**. This is a new birding site owned by Mrs. Leonor Pardo. There, you can watch a vast number of hummingbird species at close range as they feed on more than 30 feeders. We had classic Colombian coffee as we watched: White-necked Jacobin, Brown Violet-ear, Green Violet-ear, Sparkling Violet-ear, Black-throated Mango, Blue-tailed Emerald, Rufous-tailed Hummingbird, **Indigo-capped Hummingbird (E)**, White-vented Plumeleteer, White-bellied Woodstar, Gorgeted Woodstar.

We had a very nice lunch on the road as we traveled to the town of Mariquita to a site called **Laguna del Hato**, near Mendez in the department of the Tolima. There, a new speciality was waiting for Joe and Eduardo, as we immediately saw **Dwarf Cuckoo**, with two individuals answering actively to playback at less than 10 meters distance. Among other birds that we observed here were: Blue-headed Parrot, Yellow-crowned Parrot, Barred Puffbird, Barred Antshrike, White-fringed Antwren, Jet Antbird, Mouse-colored Tyrannulet, Tropical Gnatcatcher, **Velvet-fronted Euphonia (E)**, Blue Dacnis, Slate-colored Seedeater (nice studies of a pair in the scope!), and Yellow Oriole.

Then we continued travelling for an hour and thirty minutes to the city of Ibagué, where we rested and slept in a downtown hotel.

Day 3- May 11

This wonderful day was full of excitement and major target species. Early in the morning we went to **National 'Natural' Park Los Nevados - Tolima** where one of the first specialties we saw was **Yellow-headed Brush-Finch (E)**, with a couple replying to playback at very close range. Next was **Blossomcrown (E)**, and we had a beautiful male feeding at a bush on small red flowers at less than five meters away. **Brown-banded Antpitta (E)** followed, with an individual very actively responding and following us for a long period of time at the edge of the forest. We had them at close range on more than five occasions. Other species of interest we saw this day were: Scaly-naped Parrot, White-tipped Swift, Green Hermit, Violet-crowned Woodnymph, Shining-green Hummingbird, Andean Emerald, Indigo-capped Hummingbird (E), Speckled Hummingbird, Collared Inca, Sword-billed Hummingbird, Tourmaline Sunangel, Booted Racket-tail, Tyrian Metaltail, Long-tailed Sylph, Masked Trogon, Black-billed Mountain-Toucan, Crimson-mantled Woodpecker, Azara's Spinetail, Chestnut-naped Antpitta, Torrent Tyrannulet, Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant, Streak-throated Bush-Tyrant, White-capped Dipper, Mountain Wren (nesting in a hollow tree), Green Jay, Golden-fronted Whitestart (E), Superciliaried Hemispingus, Blue-capped Tanager, Saffron-crowned Tanager, Black-capped Tanager, Black Flowerpiercer, and Black-winged Saltator.

In the afternoon, after lunch, we went to a locality called **Clarita Botero**, to the southwest of Ibagué. Our only target, **Tolima Dove (E)**, was watched upon entering an area of forest, where, at a distance of less than 5 meters, we had two individuals walking close to us. Then, one of them flushed and perched approximately 6 meters above ground in a nearby tree. After the excitement of seeing this species so well, we celebrated with a good bottle of wine. That evening we traveled directly to the town of Mariquita, where we lodged at a tranquil rural hotel.

Day 4-May 12.

An early start took us to the **Bellavista Nature Reserve** near Victoria, where we had a great morning in which we watched some special birds such as **Sooty Ant-Tanager (E)**, which we observed a few minutes after entering the forest, and **White-mantled Barbet (E)**, which was observed in the canopy. We also had studies of **Beautiful Woodpecker (E)**, in an open area where we enjoyed 15 minutes of scope studies of the bird as it foraged. Something really amazing this morning was seeing a cloud of Scarlet-fronted Parakeets, which temporarily darkened the sky! More than 200 individuals overflowed us, providing a spectacular experience!

Other important species from the area were Western Long-tailed Hermit, Blue-chested Hummingbird, Olivaceous Piculet, Plain Xenops, Cocoa Woodcreeper, Gray-headed Tanager, Yellow-tufted Dacnis, Green Honeycreeper, Swallow Tanager and a very nice Orange-billed Sparrow that was searching for food along a small water reservoir.

A bit after noon, we reached the town of Puerto Boyacá where we ate a delicious Creole sauce Catfish, a speciality of the region on the banks of the Magdalena River. From there we headed towards the village of Puerto Pinzón, and we made some stops along the way to watch species such as: Northern Screamer (NE), Capped Heron, Least Bittern, Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture, King Vulture, Savanna Hawk, Laughing Falcon, **Colombian Chachalaca (E)**, Purple Gallinule, Chestnut-fronted Macaw, Ringed Kingfisher, Yellow-chinned Spinetail, Pied Water-Tyrant, White-headed Marsh-Tyrant, Black-capped Donacobius, Large-billed Seed-Finch, Red-breasted Blackbird and others.

That afternoon we arrived at the **El Paujil Nature Reserve** (Property of ProAves). After a relaxing boat trip through the waters of Ermitaño River that ended in a rain shower that soaked us. We dried out, however, and began to enjoy the immensity of the tropical rainforests of Colombia's Magdalena Medio.

Day 5-May 13

We started this day with very good birds. We were just starting the main path of the reserve when we watched a Little Tinamou slowly crossing the path. At the same time, Bright-rumped Attila was hunting insects almost over our heads. Later on, while we were looking for some birds in the canopy of the forest, we watched a solitary and quiet Great Potoo perched resembling in an incredible way the tree in which it stood. On this path we also saw other species such as Russet-crowned Crake crossing a forest track, Rufous-breasted Hermit, Stripe-throated Hermit, White-tailed Trogon, Violaceous Trogon, Rufous Motmot, White-fronted Nunbird, Collared Aracari, **Citron-throated Toucan (E)**, Black-mandibled Toucan, *Beautiful Woodpecker (E)*, Cinnamon Woodpecker (which completely ignored us and allowed us to come to within 5 meters distance), Lineated Woodpecker, Black-striped Woodcreeper a beautiful pair of Black Antshrikes near the house, Bare-crowned Antbird, Chestnut-backed Antbird, Purple-throated Fruitcrow, Golden-headed Manakin (who surprised us when we were having our snacks in the field), Brown-capped Tyrannulet, Southern Bentbill, Black-headed Tody-Flycatcher, *Black-billed Flycatcher (NE)*, Long-tailed Tyrant, Black-bellied Wren, Black-chested Jay, Yellow-back Tanager, Thick-billed Seed-Finch and many more. That night we had a heavy downpour which allowed us to sleep peacefully.

Day 6- May 14.

This morning we got out early by boat along with Joseph, the Ranger. We went towards the Loma del Oso trail, where the possibilities for finding the Curassow increase significantly. We

were there all day, and although we watched very good species, we did not see the Curassow. We did see other important birds such as Lined Quail-Dove, White-whiskered Puffbird, Buff-throated Foliage-gleaner, Plain-brown Woodcreeper, Strong-billed Woodcreeper, Wedge-billed Woodcreeper, Western Slaty Antshrike, Sepia-capped Flycatcher, Northern Royal Flycatcher, Black-crowned Tityra, *Yellow-browed Shrike-Vireo (NE)*, *Sooty Ant-Tanager (E)*, Plain-colored Tanager and more. Upon our return to the reserve, we saw Slate-headed Tody-Tyrant and Tropical Screech-Owl.

Day 7-May 15.

This day we began our trip early towards San Vicente de Chucuri and the Reserve Reinita Cielo Azul; we saw many birds along the road during the trip, among them: Cocoli Heron, Rufescent Tiger-Heron, Northern Screamer, White-tailed Kite, Savanna Hawk, Laughing Falcon, Aplomado Falcon, *Colombian Chachalaca (E)*, Limpkin, Gray-necked Wood-Rail, Purple Gallinule, Pale-vented Pigeon, Amazon Kingfisher, Green Kingfisher, Collared Aracari, Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet, Yellow-bellied Elaenia, Slate-headed Tody-Tyrant, Black-headed Tody-Flycatcher, Vermillion Flycatcher, Lesser Kiskadee, Brown-chested Martin, White-winged Swallow, Bicolored Wren, Yellow-rumped Tanager, Giant Cowbird, Yellow-rumped Cacique, and more. We reached the reserve about 6 pm, which gave us time to rest a little from this rough journey and recharge energy for the next day.

Day 8- May 16.

We started our journey at 5 am by the famous trail Lengerke (a more than 100 years old path made by indigenous Yariguies) which led to the forest of the **Reinita Cielo Azul** Reserve (owned by ProAves) and **the National Natural Park los Yariques**. Our first encounter of the morning took place near the feeders of the endemic and critically endangered **Gorgeted Wood-Quail (E)**, while we waited for over an hour for a family of this species to visit the feeders. An individual who was near us but between us and the feeder called, came towards us, and gave unbelievable close views! More Wood-Quails ran from inside nearby bushes in search of our newly found gorgeted friend! Our target of seeing the rare Wood-Quail was fulfilled, hence we continued towards the hummingbird feeders where we could see very well the **Black Inca (E)**, which happened to be very common during the tour. We spent a long time looking for the **Upper Magdalena Tapaculo (E)**, which we found about two hours later about 500 meters ahead and with great effort. In contrast, the **Parker's Antbird (E)** gave us easy views of both a female and a male along the path. This day was really good, and we saw many special species such as: Ruddy Pigeon, White-tipped Swift, Violet-crowned Woodnymph, *Indigo-capped Hummingbird (E)*, Speckled Hummingbird, Violet-fronted Brilliant, Purple-crowned Fairy, Collared Trogon, *White-mantled Barbet (E)*, Acorn Woodpecker, Pale-breasted Spinetail, Uniform Antshrike, Plain Antvireo, Slaty Antwren, White-bellied Antpitta, Ochre-breasted Antpitta, Long-tailed Tapaculo, Golden-faced Tyrannulet, Scale-crested Pygmy-Tyrant, Ornate Flycatcher, Whiskered Wren, Green Jay, Ashy-throated Bush-Tanager, Orange-bellied Euphonia, Golden Tanager, Yellow-faced Grassquit, Eastern Meadowlark, Russet-backed Oropendola and others.

Day 9-May 17.

This day started quietly, but soon became fantastic and exciting when early in the morning, and after a good breakfast, we went to the lodge garden and we watched in rubber trees (*Ficus sp.*) a pair of **Turquoise Dacnis (E)**, foraging among the leaves. Then we decided to go to areas with many Guamo trees (*Inga sp.*) in search of hummingbirds, and finally found our

goal : **Chestnut-bellied Hummingbird (E)**, a beautiful male that Julio the Ranger found in a bush with red flowers (after noticing that no Inga was in bloom) This certainly was great, because we had this hummingbird perched on a twig at less than 5 meters distance. Having found this couple of important birds so quickly, I decided to depart a bit from the itinerary and take Joe and Eduardo to a new nearby place. We packed food, drinks and water and we headed to the Natural Reserve Pauxi pauxi (owned by ProAves), which is an hour away, but not before stopping along the road and easily seeing another specialty of this tour, **Niceforo's Wren (E)**, foraging and singing in the coffee fields, very actively as always.

The purpose of going to Pauxi pauxi was just one, a beautiful parrot that is found in few parts of the country and that it is often hard to see: *Saffron-headed Parrot (NE)*. After arriving at the farm of some friends, Douglas and Misael, we were welcomed and given directions of where to find this parrot. We waited at a great overlook, and we saw two multicolored individuals flying below us. Though this was incredible, we still wanted better views. After a while, a cellphone call from Douglas alerted us to the presence of two individuals perched very close to where we were. We ran quickly and were rewarded with close views of two beautiful individuals eating Hibiscus' leaves sp., a common domestic plant parrots that is a favorite of these birds. When we came back to the lodge, we celebrated with good beer and relaxed, as the next day promised to be great again. Some other birds we saw this day besides the parrot were Gray Hawk, Striped Cuckoo, Brown Violet-ear, *Citron-throated Toucan (E)*, *Beautiful Woodpecker (E)*, Red-rumped Woodpecker, White-bearded Manakin, Long-tailed Tyrant, Boat-billed Flycatcher, Piratic Flycatcher, Cinnamon Becard, Yellow-legged Thrush, Yellow-browed Shrike-Vireo (NE), Tropical Parula, *Turquoise Dacnis (E)*, Green Honeycreeper, and Yellow-backed Oriole.

Day 10-May 18.

We were happy to have had a very successful stay in San Vicente de Chucuri and, following the itinerary, we left and headed towards the historic town of Ocaña that was about 6 hours drive away. We arrived there at noon, so we had enough time for a relaxed lunch and some rest before leaving for our birding site. As we arrived at the **Bushbird Natural Reserve** (Hormiguero de Torcoroma) (ProAves Property), the day turned gray and stormy, and certainly it started to rain very hard. Intermittently using our umbrellas, we walked along the path looking for birds, and saw: Gray-throated Warbler (NE), Streak-breasted Spinetail, a amazing group of Band-tailed Guans, Golden-faced Tyrannulet, Orange-billed Nightingale-Thrush, Green Jay, White-lined Tanager and more. At the end of the afternoon, on the trail of called Pavas, a beautiful song emerged from the bamboo forest. We quickly followed it to its origin, where we found the enigmatic Recurve-billed Bushbird (NE). After some 40 minutes of positioning ourselves, a male Bushbird flew in and perched on a horizontal segment of vine, and though views were brief, we were pleased to see it! That night we went to a nice local restaurant and ate some good crepes, with wine to celebrate.

Day 11- May 19.

As our goal in the ProAves Bushbird reserve had been met, we decided this day go to a little known place 1 hour and 30 minutes from Ocaña, where Andrea (my wife) had worked a couple of years ago with an important parakeet species. We arrived at the Pueblo Nuevo Township at 7 am and started our search way down to the Todd's Parakeet roost site. We heard them and we hoped to see them, but had no luck from our viewpoint. We decided to return to the van and hope that we could see them from the road. As we hiked back up the hillside, we stopped at some good forest patches and we caught up with birds such as Golden-

winged Sparrow (and photographed the nest with eggs!), Lance-tailed Manakin (beautiful males), Aplomado Falcon, Squirrel Cuckoo, Red-billed Emerald (NE), Blue-crowned Motmot, Mouse-colored Tyrannulet, Dusky-capped Flycatcher, Scrub Greenlet, Black-headed Tanager and a fantastic Curve-billed Scythebill. We waited for almost two hours at the house of Mr. Victor, an avocado farmer, and the parakeets did not show up, so we loaded up our van and we began returning, feeling very discouraged. And then, at 1200m altitdde, I suddenly saw a group of more than 30 birds flying from a nearby Arrayan (*Myrcia* sp.) tree and there they were, Todd's Parakeet (NE) at its best, eating and foraging in a group. They perched in front of us in a *Cecropia tree* sp., giving us the opportunity to admire and enjoy them. That certainly made us so happy, and after 10 minutes of being there, the parrots decided to leave, such that consequently we too we headed back to the Bushbird reserve.

In the afternoon at the Bushbird reserve, we spent some time looking for birds from our 'hit list', and we were surprised to see a very nice Taira and a Chestnut-bellied Thrush near the lookout. We left at about 6 pm to return to our hotel for dinner and some relaxation.

Day 12-May 20.

Early this morning, we headed towards Bucaramanga and to Palonegro International Airport. We took a flight to Bogota, connecting to Santa Marta, where a new van and driver awaited us. After an excellent fish lunch, we went to a site near Santa Marta to find the famous **Chestnut-wing Chachalaca (E)**, which we were able to enjoy without even getting out of the vehicle! This great start in Santa Marta was a prelude to several wonderful days in the Sierra Nevada. Just after 3 pm, we started our journey to **The Natural Bird Reserve El Dorado** (owned by ProAves) but not before purchasing broccoli (which was the gastronomic protagonist during this journey) and some bottles of wine for future celebrations.

We arrived at the El Dorado reserve about 5:30 pm and, without even unloading our bags, we ran out to check the famous hummingbird feeders there. We had great views of a male **White-tailed Starfrontlet (E)** and other hummingbird species. They seemed say to us 'WELCOME' to one of the areas with the highest level of endemism in the world.

The views down the side of the mountain from the lodge that afternoon and that night were certainly amazing. Resting in such a peaceful place could not have been more pleasant.

Day 13-May 21.

Finally the long-awaited day for Joe and Eduardo arrived, La Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta. Just imagining the large number of lifers that they would watch was exciting. We left very early in the morning for La Cuchilla de San Lorenzo, about an hour's drive from the lodge. When we got there, it was very quiet. We needed a bit of sunshine for the birds to begin to sing. Effectively, and as if the spirits of the Sierra had heard us, a feast of endemics began to soon appear.

Santa Marta Antpitta (E) began with a great show. One individual very close to us was coming almost to the road edge, allowing us to see it well--- it was incredible! Then a mixed flock full of endemics appeared. And we watched: **Rusty-headed Spinetail (E)**, *Streak-capped Spinetail (NE)*, **Yellow-crowned Redstart (E)**, **Santa Marta Warbler (E)**, **Santa Marta Mountain-Tanager (E)**, **Santa Marta Brush-Finch (E)**. Afterwards, inside the forest, we watched **Brown-rumped Tapaculo (E)**, very close to us, when **Santa Marta (Rufous)**

Antpitta (E), (a proposed split) appeared from nowhere and started foraging on the ground. We were surprised to see the Antpittas so well and so quickly, and we decided to return down the road in search of more endemics.

Santa Marta Parakeet (E), can frequently be seen, at least in flight, on the descent from San Lorenzo Ridge. Eduardo, in one of his outings to take pictures, managed to watch several individuals perched in a tree a few meters away. As we descended towards the lodge, we were able to see other important species such as Santa Marta (Emerald) Toucanet (several individuals) and **Santa Marta Bush Tyrant (E)**, who after singing for several minutes approached a few meters away from where we were. This was undoubtedly a very good morning in which we observed other interesting species, including Zone-tailed Hawk, Sickie-winged Guan, Tyrian (Santa Marta) Metaltail, Strong-billed Woodcreeper, Montane Woodcreeper, Mountain Elaenia, Black-capped Tyrannulet, Black-throated Tody-Tyrant, Olive-sided Flycatcher, Golden-crowned Flycatcher, Black-hooded Thrush, Blue-naped Chlorophonia, Paramo (Santa Marta) Seedeater, White sided Flowerpiercer, Black-headed Brush-Finch, Yellow-bellied Cacique, and Crested Oropendola.

After arriving at the lodge and celebrating with a nap, I invited Joe and Eduardo to enjoy a spectacular show, as they came within 1 meter of us, of two individuals of Black-fronted Wood-Quail (NE), which was especially nice since this was one of our major target birds

That night we had dinner early and we decided to go in search of one of the most important species of the tour, an owl recently discovered by Niels Krabbe. We took the car and it seemed the owl was there waiting for us to see it! After 2 minutes or less of play back, three individuals began to sing, one of them perching about 5 meters away from us and well, there it was: **Santa Marta (El Dorado) Screech-Owl (E) - NEW SPECIES** – in front of our eyes, binoculars and lantern that gave light to this beautiful owl. We kept talking about this until after ten o'clock at night.!

Day 14-May 22.

Just a few birds remained on the 'hit list', and we started our day very well with another endemic species, **White-lored Warbler (E)**. It gave us a wonderful show when two individuals were very close to us as they foraged nearby. We watched some other very interesting species, including Gray-throated Leaf-tosser, who gave us a real show singing perched on a twig for a few minutes, allowing us to see it directly through the telescope. Scaled Pigeon gave us scope views, and other species included: Red-billed Parrot, Masked Trogon, Golden-olive Woodpecker, Streaked Xenops, Montane Foliage-Gleaner, Golden-breasted Fruiteater, Olive-striped Flycatcher, Slaty-backed Nightingale-Thrush, Brown-capped Vireo, Swallow Tanager and more; we heard a Grey tinamou singing in the distance, however it was not possible to see it.

In the afternoon we enjoyed the El Dorado hummingbird feeders, took photos, and enjoyed our last spectacular Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta sunset. Simply put, no words can describe such a beautiful place and the experience we had there.

Day 15- May 23.

After saying goodbye to Don Bertulfo and Mrs. Adela (people that make this reserve - FABULOUS) and after a very good breakfast, we left with our suitcases towards **Minca**, in search of the last three specialties that we were eager to find. We quickly heard a singing

Santa Marta Tapaculo (E), which was actually very easy to watch a few centimeters from the edge of the road. We continued walking and we got a surprise when we found a Coppery Emerald (NE) feeding in a *Hibiscus sp.*, bush a few feet away from the road. This was a really good sighting, as we saw the bronze color very well on the back and tail. We continued going down the road and in a coffee plantation we heard a **Santa Marta (Ruddy) Foliage-Gleaner (E)** (proposed new species) singing, which approached us soon after we used some playback.

With that, specialties of our tour had ended. Now we had to just have a little more fun birding on the way down to Santa Marta. We made several stops, where we watched some very interesting species such as Gray Hawk, Scaled Pigeon, Rufous-tailed Jacamar, Keel-billed Toucan, Black-striped Woodcreeper, Black-backed Antshrike, Rusty-breasted Antpitta, Boat-billed Flycatcher, Masked Tityra, Rufous-breasted Wren, Clay-colored Robin, Long-billed Antwren, Golden-fronted Greenlet, Rusty Flowerpiercer and many more.

From there we went straight to the airport. Our Avianca flight to Bogota on a nice new Airbus brought our fantastic trip to an end.

It was definitely a very good tour. It was full of joy and enthusiasm, and of the logistics went extremely well. We had fun telling stories while traveling, and I also learned a lot from the experiences that Joe and Eduardo have acquired traveling around the world on birdwatching tours. For us it was truly a privilege to work for Joe who is one of the birdwatchers who has seen over 8000 species, and we look forward to working with them again on future trips.

I want to thank everyone who played a role in this tour and that somehow made it all possible. Also, thanks to my wife Andrea Borrás for all logistical and operational arrangements that she made perfectly. To my mother Nancy for all the favors that she did us in the planning and operation of this tour. To Joe and Eduardo for being such good customers, and now good friends. To Ariel our first driver that has undoubtedly been one of the best drivers I've worked. To Eliseo, our driver in Santa Marta, who despite being new in this business did an excellent job. To Giovanni Florez for his willingness for working always with Manakin. To Leonor Pardo for her excellent work with the Hummingbirds in Jardín Encantado. To José, Martha and Adrian for their great collaboration in Paujil. To Elkin and Arturo for transport services in Puerto Pinzón. To Carlos Julio for his great talent with birds in each one of the regions in which he has worked. And to Luz for her impeccable work with food in the Cerúlea reserve. To Don Jose del Carmen in Ocaña for maintaining the reserve so nicely as always. To Don Bertulfo and Mrs. Adela for making El Dorado a spectacular reserve. And to all the people who attended us in restaurants, inns and hotels. Especially to Don Alberto and Mrs. Nora in the San Felipe Hotel for their great service and to Mrs. Nelma Carrascal and her husband at the Plaza Real Hotel for attending us always as one their best customers. Thanks a million to everyone.

THE KEY

Species which were heard but not seen are indicated by the symbol *

RED = IUCN RED LIST CATEGORY

E = Colombian Endemic

NE = Colombian Near-Endemic

THE BIRDS

TINAMOUS

Tinamidae

1	Great Tinamou *	<i>Tinamus major</i>
2	Grey Tinamou *	<i>Tinamus tao</i>
3	Little Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus soui</i>
	GREBES	Podicipedidae
4	Pied-billed Grebe	<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>
	PELICANS	Pelecanidae
5	Brown Pelican	<i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i>
	CORMORANTS	Phalacrocoracidae
6	Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>
	ANHINGAS	Anhingidae
7	Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>
	HERONS, EGRETS AND BITTERNS	Ardeidae
8	Capped Heron	<i>Pilherodius pileatus</i>
9	Cocoi Heron	<i>Ardea cocoi</i>
10	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>
11	Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>
12	Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>
13	Rufescent Tiger-Heron	<i>Tigrisoma lineatum</i>
	IBIS AND SPOONBILLS	Threskiornithidae
14	Bare-faced Ibis	<i>Phimosus infuscatus</i>
	SCREAMERS	Anhimidae
15	Northern Screamer (NE)	<i>Chauna chavaria</i>
	DUCKS, GEESE, AND SWANS	Anatidae
16	Black-bellied Whistling-Duck	<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>
	NEW WORLD VULTURES	Cathartidae
17	Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>
18	Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>
19	Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>
20	King Vulture	<i>Sarcoramphus papa</i>
	HAWKS, EAGLES, AND KITES	Accipitridae
21	White-tailed Kite	<i>Elanus leucurus</i>
22	Savanna Hawk	<i>Buteogallus meridionalis</i>
23	Gray Hawk	<i>Asturina nitida</i>
24	Roadside Hawk	<i>Buteo magnirostris</i>
25	Zone-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo albonotatus</i>
26	Black Hawk-Eagle *	<i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i>
	FALCONS AND CARACARAS	Falconidae
27	Crested Caracara	<i>Caracara cheriway</i>
28	Yellow-headed Caracara	<i>Milvago chimachima</i>
29	Laughing Falcon	<i>Herpetotheres cachinnans</i>
30	American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>
31	Aplomado Falcon	<i>Falco femoralis</i>
	GUANS AND CURASSOWS	Cracidae
32	Chestnut-winged Chachalaca (E)	<i>Ortalis garrula</i>
33	Speckled (Colombian) Chachalaca (E)	<i>Ortalis guttata columbiana</i>
34	Band-tailed Guan	<i>Penelope argyrotis</i>
35	Crested Guan *	<i>Penelope purpurascens</i>
36	Sickle-winged Guan	<i>Chamaepetes goudotii</i>

NEW WORLD QUAIL

- 37 Marbled Wood-Quail *
- 38 Black-fronted Wood-Quail (NE-VU)
- 39 Gorgeted Wood-Quail (E-CR)

LIMPKIN

- 40 Limpkin

RAILS, GALLINULES, COOTS

- 41 Russet-crowned Crake
- 42 White-throated Crake
- 43 Bogota Rail (E-EN)
- 44 Gray-necked Wood-Rail
- 45 Purple Gallinule
- 46 Common Moorhen
- 47 Spot-flanked Gallinule
- 48 American Coot

JACANAS

- 49 Wattled Jacana

PLOVERS AND LAPWINGS

- 50 Southern Lapwing

PIGEONS AND DOVES

- 51 Rock Pigeon
- 52 Scaled Pigeon
- 53 Bare-eyed Pigeon
- 54 Band-tailed Pigeon
- 55 Pale-vented Pigeon
- 56 Ruddy Pigeon *
- 57 Eared Dove
- 58 Common Ground-Dove
- 59 Ruddy Ground-Dove
- 60 White-tipped Dove

- 61 Tolima Dove (E)

- 62 Lined Quail-Dove

PARROTS

- 63 Chestnut-fronted Macaw
- 64 Scarlet-fronted Parakeet
- 65 Todd's Parakeet (NE)
- 66 Santa Marta Parakeet (E-EN)
- 67 Spectacled Parrotlet (NE)
- 68 Orange-chinned Parakeet
- 69 Saffron-headed Parrot (NE)
- 70 Blue-headed Parrot
- 71 Red-billed Parrot
- 72 Red-lored Parrot *
- 73 Yellow-crowned Parrot
- 74 Orange-winged Parrot *
- 75 Scaly-naped Parrot

CUCKOOS

- 76 Dwarf Cuckoo

Odontophoridae

- Odontophorus gujanensis*
- Odontophorus atrifrons*
- Odontophorus strophium*

Aramidae

- Aramus guarauna*

Rallidae

- Anurolimnas viridis*
- Laterallus albigularis*
- Rallus semiplumbeus*

- Aramides cajanea*

- Porphyrio martinica*

- Gallinula chloropus*

- Gallinula melanops*

- Fulica americana*

Jacanidae

- Jacana jacana*

Charadriidae

- Vanellus chilensis*

Columbidae

- Columba livia*
- Patagioenas speciosa*
- Patagioenas corensis*
- Patagioenas fasciata*
- Patagioenas cayennensis*
- Patagioenas subvinacea*
- Zenaida auriculata*
- Columbina passerina*
- Columbina talpacoti*
- Leptotila verreauxi*
- Leptotila conoveri*

- Geotrygon linearis*

Psittacidae

- Ara severa*
- Aratinga wagleri*
- Pyrrhura caeruleiceps*
- Pyrrhura viridicata*
- Forpus conspicillatus*
- Brotogeris jugularis*
- Pionopsitta pyrilia*
- Pionus menstruus*
- Pionus sordidus*
- Amazona autumnalis*
- Amazona ochrocephala*
- Amazona amazónica*
- Amazona mercenaria*
- Cuculidae*
- Coccyzus pumilus*

77	Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>
78	Greater Ani	<i>Crotophaga major</i>
79	Smooth-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga ani</i>
80	Striped Cuckoo	<i>Tapera naevia</i>
	OWLS	Strigidae
81	Tropical Screech-Owl	<i>Megascops choliba</i>
82	Santa Marta (El Dorado) Screech-Owl (E)	<i>Megascops sp.gilesi</i>
83	Mottled Owl *	<i>Ciccaba virgata</i>
	POTOOS	Nyctibiidae
84	Great Potoo	<i>Nyctibius grandis</i>
	NIGHTJARS	Caprimulgidae
85	Pauraque	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>
	SWIFTS	Apodidae
86	Chestnut-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne rutila</i>
87	White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>
88	White-tipped Swift	<i>Aeronautes montivagus</i>
	HUMMINGBIRDS	Trochilidae
89	Rufous-breasted (Hairy) Hermit	<i>Glaucis hirsuta</i>
90	Green Hermit	<i>Phaethornis guy</i>
91	Western Long-tailed Hermit (Long-billed H.)	<i>Phaethornis longirostris</i>
92	Stripe-throated Hermit (NE)	<i>Phaethornis striigularis</i>
93	White-necked Jacobin	<i>Florisuga mellivora</i>
94	Brown Violet-ear	<i>Colibri delphinae</i>
95	Green Violet-ear	<i>Colibri thalassinus</i>
96	Sparkling Violet-ear	<i>Colibri coruscans</i>
97	Black-throated Mango	<i>Anthracothorax nigricollis</i>
98	Blue-tailed (Red-billed) Emerald (NE)	<i>Chlorostilbon mellisugus (gibsoni)</i>
99	Coppery Emerald (NE)	<i>Chlorostilbon russatus</i>
100	Violet-crowned Woodnymph	<i>Thalurania colombica</i>
101	Shining-green Hummingbird	<i>Lepidopyga goudoti</i>
102	Rufous-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia tzacatl</i>
103	Chestnut-bellied Hummingbird (E-CR)	<i>Amazilia castaneiventris</i>
104	Andean Emerald	<i>Agyrtria franciae</i>
105	Blue-chested Hummingbird	<i>Polyerata amabilis</i>
106	Indigo-capped Hummingbird (E)	<i>Saucerottia cyanifrons</i>
107	Blossomcrown (E-VU)	<i>Anthocephala floriceps</i>
108	White-vented Plumeleteer	<i>Chalybura buffonii</i>
109	Speckled Hummingbird	<i>Adelomyia melanogenys</i>
110	Violet-fronted Brilliant	<i>Heliodoxa leadbeateri</i>
111	Bronzy Inca	<i>Coeligena coeligena</i>
112	Black Inca (E-EN)	<i>Coeligena prunellei</i>
113	Collared Inca	<i>Coeligena torquata</i>
114	White-tailed Starfrontlet (E-VU)	<i>Coeligena phalerata</i>
115	Sword-billed Hummingbird	<i>Ensifera ensifera</i>
116	Tourmaline Sunangel	<i>Heliangelus exortis</i>
117	Amethyst-throated (Longuemare's) Sunangel	<i>Heliangelus clarisse</i>
118	Booted Racket-tail	<i>Ocreatus underwoodii</i>
119	Tyrian Metaltail	<i>Metallura tyrianthina</i>

- 120 Tyrian (Santa Marta) Metaltail
 121 Long-tailed Sylph
 122 Purple-crowned Fairy
 123 White-bellied Woodstar
 124 Gorgeted Woodstar

TROGONS AND QUETZALS

- 125 White-tailed Trogon
 126 Violaceous Trogon
 127 Collared Trogon *
 128 Masked Trogon
 129 Black-tailed Trogon *

KINGFISHERS

- 130 Ringed Kingfisher
 131 Green Kingfisher

MOTMOTS

- 132 Blue-crowned Motmot
 133 Highland Motmot
 134 Rufous Motmot
 135 Broad-billed Motmot *

JACAMARS

- 136 Rufous-tailed Jacamar

PUFFBIRDS

- 137 Black-breasted Puffbird *
 138 Barred Puffbird
 139 White-whiskered Puffbird
 140 Moustached Puffbird *
 141 White-fronted Nunbird

BARBETS

- 142 White-mantled Barbet (E-EN)

TOUCANS

- 143 Santa Marta (Emerald) Toucanet (E)
 144 Andean (Emerald) Toucanet
 145 Collared Aracari
 146 Black-billed Mountain-Toucan
 147 Keel-billed Toucan
 148 Citron-throated Toucan (E)
 149 Black-mandibled (Ch.-mand.) Toucan

WOODPECKERS

- 150 Olivaceous Piculet
 151 Acorn Woodpecker
 152 Beautiful Woodpecker (E)
 153 Red-crowned Woodpecker
 154 Red-rumped Woodpecker
 155 Golden-olive Woodpecker
 156 Crimson-mantled Woodpecker
 157 Spot-breasted Woodpecker
 158 Cinnamon Woodpecker
 159 Lineated Woodpecker

Metallura tyrianthina districta

Aglaiocercus kingi

Heliophryx barroti

Chaetocercus mulsant

Chaetocercus heliodor

Trogonidae

Trogon viridis

Trogon violaceus

Trogon collaris

Trogon personatus

Trogon melanurus

Alcedinidae

Ceryle torquatus

Chloroceryle americana

Momotidae

Momotus momota

Momotus aequatorialis

Baryphthengus martii

Electron platyrhynchum

Galbulidae

Galbula ruficauda

Bucconidae

Notharchus pectoralis

Nystalus radiatus

Malacoptila panamensis

Malacoptila mystacalis

Monasa morphoeus

Capitonidae

Capito hypoleucus

Ramphastidae

Aulacorhynchus lautus

Aulacorhynchus albivitta

Pteroglossus torquatus

Andigena nigristrois

Ramphastos sulfuratus

Ramphastos vitellinus citreolaemus

Ramphastos ambiguus swainsonii

Picidae

Picumnus olivaceus

Melanerpes formicivorus

Melanerpes pulcher

Melanerpes rubricapillus

Veniliornis kirkii

Piculus rubiginosus

Piculus rivolii

Colaptes punctigula

Celeus loricatus

Dryocopus lineatus

160	Crimson-crested Woodpecker *	<i>Campephilus melanoleucos</i>
OVENBIRDS		Furnariidae
161	Rusty-headed Spinetail (E)	<i>Synallaxis fusciorufa</i>
162	Azara's Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis azarae</i>
163	Pale-breasted Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis albescens</i>
164	Stripe-breasted Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis cinnamomea</i>
165	Streak-capped Spinetail (NE)	<i>Cranioleuca hellmayri</i>
166	Ash-browed Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca curtata</i>
167	Yellow-chinned Spinetail	<i>Certhiaxis cinnamomea</i>
168	Spotted Barbtail	<i>Premnoplex brunnescens</i>
169	Pearled Treerunner	<i>Margarornis squamiger</i>
170	Plain Xenops	<i>Xenops minutus</i>
171	Streaked Xenops	<i>Xenops rutilans</i>
172	Montane Foliage-gleaner	<i>Anabacerthia striaticollis</i>
173	Streaked Tuftedcheek	<i>Pseudocolaptes boissonneautii</i>
174	Buff-throated Foliage-gleaner	<i>Automolus ochrolaemus</i>
175	Santa Marta (Ruddy) Foliage-gleaner (E)	<i>Automolus rubiginosus rufipectus</i>
176	Gray-throated Leaf Tosser	<i>Sclerurus albigularis</i>
WOODCREEPERS		Dendrocolaptidae
177	Plain-brown Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla fuliginosa</i>
178	Wedge-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Glyphorhynchus spirurus</i>
179	Strong-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphocolaptes promeropirhynchus</i>
180	Cocoa Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus susurrans</i>
181	Black-striped Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus lachrymosus</i>
182	Straight-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Dendroplex picus</i>
183	Streak-headed Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes souleyetii</i>
184	Montane Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes lacrymiger</i>
185	Curve-billed Scythebill	<i>Campylorhamphus procurviroides</i>
TYPICAL ANTIBIRDS		Thamnophilidae
186	Black-backed Antshrike	<i>Sakesphorus melanonotus</i>
187	Barred Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus doliatus</i>
188	Bar-crested Antshrike (E)	<i>Thamnophilus multistriatus</i>
189	Black Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus nigriceps</i>
190	Uniform Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus unicolor</i>
191	Western Slaty-Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus atrinucha</i>
192	Recurve-billed Bushbird (NE-EN)	<i>Clytoctantes alixii</i>
193	Plain Antwren	<i>Dysithamnus mentalis</i>
194	Slaty Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula schisticolor</i>
195	White-fringed Antwren	<i>Formicivora grisea</i>
196	Parker's Antbird (E-EN)	<i>Cercomacra parkeri</i>
197	Jet Antbird	<i>Cercomacra nigricans</i>
198	Bare-crowned Antbird	<i>Gymnocichla nudiceps</i>
199	White-bellied Antbird	<i>Myrmeciza longipes</i>
200	Chestnut-backed Antbird	<i>Myrmeciza exsul</i>
ANTTHRUSHES AND ANTPITTAS		Formicariidae
201	Santa Marta Antpitta (E)	<i>Grallaria bangsi</i>
202	Chestnut-crowned Antpitta	<i>Grallaria ruficapilla</i>
203	Chestnut-naped Antpitta	<i>Grallaria nuchalis</i>

204	White-bellied Antpitta *	<i>Grallaria hypoleuca</i>
205	Rufous Antpitta	<i>Grallaria rufula</i>
206	Santa Marta Rufous Antpitta (E)	<i>Grallaria rufula spatiator</i>
207	Cundinamarca Antpitta (E)	<i>Grallaria kaestneri</i>
208	Brown-banded Antpitta (E-EN)	<i>Grallaria milleri</i>
209	Ochre-breasted Antpitta	<i>Grallaricula flavirostris</i>
210	Rusty-breasted Antpitta	<i>Grallaricula ferruginepectus</i>
211	Slate-crowned Antpitta *	<i>Grallaricula nana</i>

TAPACULOS

212	(Northern) White-crowned Tapaculo *	<i>Scytalopus atratus</i>
213	Santa Marta Tapaculo (E)	<i>Scytalopus sanctaemartae</i>
214	Upper Magdalena Tapaculo (E)	<i>Scytalopus rodriguezi</i>
215	Brown-rumped Tapaculo (E)	<i>Scytalopus latebricola latebricola</i>
216	Spillmann's Tapaculo *	<i>Scytalopus spillmanni</i>
217	Matorral Tapaculo *	<i>Scytalopus griseicollis</i>
218	Long-tailed Tapaculo	<i>Scytalopus micropterus</i>

COTINGAS

219	Green-and-black Fruiteater	<i>Pipreola riefferii</i>
220	Golden-breasted Fruiteater	<i>Pipreola aureopectus</i>
221	Purple-throated Fruitcrow	<i>Querula purpurata</i>

MANAKINS

222	White-bearded Manakin	<i>Manacus manacus</i>
223	Lance-tailed Manakin	<i>Chiroxiphia lanceolata</i>
224	Golden-headed Manakin	<i>Pipra erythrocephala</i>
225	Western Striped Manakin *	<i>Machaeropterus striolatus</i>

TYRANT FLYCATCHERS

226	Brown-capped Tyrannulet	<i>Ornithion brunneicapillus</i>
227	Mouse-colored Tyrannulet	<i>Phaeomyias murina</i>
228	Yellow Tyrannulet	<i>Capsiempis flaveola</i>
229	Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet	<i>Tyrannulus elatus</i>
230	Yellow-bellied Elaenia	<i>Elaenia flavogaster</i>
231	Mountain Elaenia	<i>Elaenia frantzii</i>
232	Torrent Tyrannulet	<i>Serpophaga cinerea</i>
233	Ochre-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>
234	Streak-necked Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes striaticollis</i>
235	Olive-striped Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes olivaceus</i>
236	Sepia-capped Flycatcher	<i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i>
237	Rufous-headed Pygmy-Tyrant	<i>Pseudotriccus ruficeps</i>
238	Black-capped Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias nigrocapillus</i>
239	Golden-faced Tyrannulet	<i>Zimmerius chrysops</i>
240	White-throated Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus leucophrys</i>
241	Scale-crested Pygmy-Tyrant	<i>Lophotriccus pileatus</i>
242	Southern Bentbill	<i>Oncostoma olivaceum</i>
243	Slate-headed Tody-Tyrant	<i>Poecilatriccus sylvia</i>
244	Black-throated Tody-Tyrant	<i>Hemitriccus granadensis</i>
245	Black-headed Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum nigriceps</i>
246	Common Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum cinereum</i>
247	Northern Royal Flycatcher	<i>Onychorhynchus mexicanus</i>

Rhinocryptidae

Cotingidae

Pipridae

Tyrannidae

248	Ornate Flycatcher	<i>Myiobittacus ornatus</i>
249	Cinnamon Flycatcher	<i>Pyrrhomyias cinnamomea</i>
250	Black-billed Flycatcher (NE)	<i>Aphanotriccus audax</i>
251	Olive-sided Flycatcher	<i>Contopus cooperi</i>
252	Tropical Pewee	<i>Contopus cinereus</i>
253	Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>
254	Vermilion Flycatcher	<i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i>
255	Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris</i>
256	Streak-throated Bush-Tyrant	<i>Myiotheretes striaticollis</i>
257	Santa Marta Bush-Tyrant (E-EN)	<i>Myiotheretes pernix</i>
258	Pied Water-Tyrant	<i>Fluvicola pica</i>
259	White-headed Marsh-Tyrant	<i>Arundinicola leucocephala</i>
260	Long-tailed Tyrant	<i>Colonia colonus</i>
261	Cattle Tyrant	<i>Machetornis rixosus</i>
262	Bright-rumped Attila	<i>Attila spadiceus</i>
263	Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>
264	Lesser Kiskadee	<i>Philohydor lictor</i>
265	Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>
266	Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>
267	Rusty-margined Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes cayanensis</i>
268	Golden-crowned Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes chrysocephalus</i>
269	Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>
270	Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucophaeus</i>
271	Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>
272	Fork-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus savana</i>
273	Cinnamon Becard	<i>Pachyramphus cinnamomeus</i>
274	Cinereous Becard	<i>Pachyramphus rufus</i>
275	Masked Tityra	<i>Tityra semifasciata</i>
276	Black-crowned Tityra	<i>Tityra inquisitor</i>
SWALLOWS		Hirundinidae
277	Brown-chested Martin	<i>Progne tapera</i>
278	White-winged Swallow	<i>Tachycineta albiventer</i>
279	Blue-and-white Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon cyanoleuca</i>
280	Brown-bellied Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon murina</i>
281	Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>
DIPPERS		Cinclidae
282	White-capped Dipper	<i>Cinclus leucocephalus</i>
WRENS		Troglodytidae
283	Black-capped Donacobius	<i>Donacobius atricapilla</i>
284	Bicolored Wren	<i>Campylorhynchus griseus</i>
285	Black-bellied Wren	<i>Thryothorus fasciatoventris</i>
286	Whiskered Wren	<i>Thryothorus mystacalis</i>
287	Rufous-breasted Wren	<i>Thryothorus rutilus</i>
288	Buff-breasted Wren	<i>Thryothorus leucotis</i>
289	Niceforo's Wren (E-CR)	<i>Thryothorus nicefori</i>
290	House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>
291	Mountain Wren	<i>Troglodytes solstitialis</i>
292	Apolinar's Wren (E-EN)	<i>Cistothorus apolinari</i>

293 White-breasted Wood-Wren

294 Gray-breasted Wood-Wren

295 Scaly-breasted Wren

MOCKINGBIRDS & THRASHERS

296 Tropical Mockingbird

THRUSHES

297 Andean Solitaire *

298 Orange-billed Nightingale-Thrush

299 Slaty-backed Nightingale-Thrush

300 Yellow-legged Thrush

301 Great Thrush

302 Black-hooded Thrush

303 Chestnut-bellied Thrush

304 Pale-breasted Thrush

305 Black-billed Thrush

306 Clay-colored Robin

GNATCATCHERS

307 Long-billed Gnatwren

308 Tropical Gnatcatcher

CROWS AND JAYS

309 Black-chested Jay

310 Green Jay

311 Black-collared Jay

VIREOS AND ALLIES

312 Brown-capped Vireo

313 Scrub Greenlet

314 Golden-fronted Greenlet

315 Yellow-browed Shrike-Vireo

316 Rufous-browed Peppershrike

SISKINS & GOLDFINCHES

317 Andean Siskin

318 Lesser Goldfinch

WOOD WARBLERS

319 Tropical Parula

320 Slate-throated Redstart

321 Golden-fronted Redstart (E)

322 Yellow-crowned Redstart (E)

323 Santa Marta Warbler (E)

324 Gray-throated Warbler (NE)

325 White-lored Warbler (E)

326 Russet-crowned Warbler

327 Rufous-capped Warbler

328 Buff-rumped Warbler

BANANAQUIT

329 Bananaquit

TANAGERS AND ALLIES

330 Blue-backed Conebill

331 Common Bush-Tanager

Henicorhina leucosticta
Henicorhina leucophrys
Microcerculus marginatus

Mimidae

Mimus gilvus

Turdidae

Myadestes ralloides
Catharus aurantirostris
Catharus fuscater
Platycichla flavipes
Turdus fuscater
Turdus olivater
Turdus fulviventris
Turdus leucomelas
Turdus ignobilis
Turdus grayi

Poliophtilidae

Ramphocaenus melanurus
Poliophtila plumbea

Corvidae

Cyanocorax affinis
Cyanocorax yncas
Cyanolyca armillata

Vireonidae

Vireo leucophrys
Hylophilus flavipes
Hylophilus aurantiifrons
Vireolanius eximius
Cyclarhis gujanensis

Fringillidae

Carduelis spinescens
Carduelis psaltria

Parulidae

Parula pitayumi
Myioborus miniatus
Myioborus ornatus
Myioborus flavivertex
Basileuterus basilicus
Basileuterus cinereicollis
Basileuterus conspicillatus
Basileuterus coronatus
Basileuterus rufifrons
Basileuterus fulvicauda

Coerebidae

Coereba flaveola

Thraupidae

Conirostrum sitticolor
Chlorospingus ophthalmicus

332	Ashy-throated Bush-Tanager	<i>Chlorospingus canigularis</i>
333	Gray-hooded Bush-Tanager	<i>Cnemoscopus rubrirostris</i>
334	Superciliaried Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus superciliaris</i>
335	Oleaginous Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus frontalis</i>
336	Yellow-backed Tanager	<i>Hemithraupis flavicollis</i>
337	Rosy Thrush-Tanager	<i>Rhodinocichla rosea</i>
338	Gray-headed Tanager	<i>Eucometis penicillata</i>
339	White-shouldered Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus luctuosus</i>
340	White-lined Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus rufus</i>
341	Sooty Ant-Tanager (E)	<i>Habia gutturalis</i>
342	Crimson-backed Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus dimidiatus</i>
343	Yellow-rumped Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus flammigerus icteronotus</i>
344	Blue-gray Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>
345	Blue-capped Tanager	<i>Thraupis cyanocephala</i>
346	Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>
347	Santa Marta Mountain-Tanager (E)	<i>Anisognathus melanogenys</i>
348	Lacrimose Mountain-Tanager	<i>Anisognathus lacrymosus</i>
349	Buff-breasted Mountain-Tanager	<i>Dubusia taeniata</i>
350	Velvet-fronted Euphonia (E)	<i>Euphonia concinna</i>
351	Thick-billed Euphonia	<i>Euphonia laniirostris</i>
352	Fulvous-vented Euphonia	<i>Euphonia fulvicrissa</i>
353	Orange-bellied Euphonia	<i>Euphonia xanthogaster</i>
354	Blue-naped Chlorophonia	<i>Chlorophonia cyanea</i>
355	Plain-colored Tanager	<i>Tangara inornata</i>
356	Golden Tanager	<i>Tangara arthus</i>
357	Saffron-crowned Tanager	<i>Tangara xanthocephala</i>
358	Speckled Tanager	<i>Tangara guttata</i>
359	Bay-headed Tanager	<i>Tangara gyrola</i>
360	Scrub Tanager	<i>Tangara vitriolina</i>
361	Blue-necked Tanager	<i>Tangara cyanicollis</i>
362	Beryl-spangled Tanager	<i>Tangara nigroviridis</i>
363	Blue-and-black Tanager	<i>Tangara vassorii</i>
364	Black-capped Tanager	<i>Tangara heinei</i>
365	Black-headed Tanager	<i>Tangara cyanoptera</i>
366	Turquoise Dacnis-Tanager (E-VU)	<i>Pseudodacnis hartlaubi</i>
367	Black-faced (Yellow-tufted) Dacnis	<i>Dacnis lineata egregia</i>
368	Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cayana</i>
369	Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>
370	Swallow-Tanager	<i>Tersina viridis</i>
	EMBERIZID FINCHES	Emberizidae
371	Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>
372	Slate-colored Seedeater	<i>Sporophila schistacea</i>
373	Yellow-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila nigricollis</i>
374	Ruddy-breasted Seedeater	<i>Sporophila minuta</i>
375	Large-billed Seed-Finch	<i>Oryzoborus crassirostris</i>
376	Thick-billed (Lesser) Seed-Finch	<i>Oryzoborus funereus</i>
377	Band-tailed Seedeater	<i>Catamenia analis</i>
378	Páramo (Santa Marta) Seedeater	<i>Catamenia homochroa oreophila</i>

379	Yellow-faced Grassquit	<i>Tiaris olivacea</i>
380	Rusty Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa sittoides</i>
381	White-sided Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa albilatera</i>
382	Black Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa humeralis</i>
383	Bluish Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossopsis caerulescens</i>
384	Masked Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossopsis cyanea</i>
385	Saffron Finch	<i>Sicalis flaveola</i>
386	Pale-naped Brush-Finch	<i>Atlapetes pallidinucha</i>
387	Yellow-headed Brush-Finch	<i>Atlapetes flaviceps</i>
388	Slaty Brush-Finch	<i>Atlapetes schistaceus</i>
389	Santa Marta Brush-Finch (E)	<i>Atlapetes melanocephalus</i>
390	Chestnut-capped Brush-Finch	<i>Buarremon brunneinucha</i>
391	Stripe-headed Brush-Finch	<i>Buarremon torquatus</i>
392	Orange-billed Sparrow	<i>Arremon aurantirostris</i>
393	Golden-winged Sparrow (NE)	<i>Arremon schlegeli</i>
394	Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>
	SALTATORS & GROSBEAKS	Cardinalidae
395	Streaked Saltator	<i>Saltator striatipectus</i>
396	Buff-throated Saltator	<i>Saltator maximus</i>
397	Black-winged Saltator	<i>Saltator atripennis</i>
	BLACKBIRDS AND ORIOLES	Icteridae
398	Yellow-hooded Blackbird	<i>Chrysomus icterocephalus</i>
399	Red-breasted Blackbird	<i>Sturnella militaris</i>
400	Eastern Meadowlark	<i>Sturnella magna</i>
401	Great-tailed Grackle	<i>Quiscalus mexicanus</i>
402	Caribe Grackle	<i>Quiscalus lugubris</i>
403	Shiny Cowbird	<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>
404	Giant Cowbird	<i>Molothrus oryzivorus</i>
405	Yellow-backed Oriole	<i>Icterus chrysater</i>
406	Yellow Oriole	<i>Icterus nigrogularis</i>
407	Yellow-billed Cacique	<i>Amblycercus holosericeus</i>
408	Yellow-rumped Cacique	<i>Cacicus cela</i>
409	Mountain Cacique *	<i>Cacicus chrysotus</i>
410	Crested Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>
411	Russet-backed Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius angustifrons</i>